## What is **Rat Lungworm**Disease and how is it spread?

Rat lungworm disease is caused by a parasite nematode called *Angiostrongylus cantonensis*. The adult form of the parasite is found only in rodents. Infected rats pass larvae of the parasite in their feces. Snails and slugs get infected by ingesting the larvae.

Humans can then become infected by ingesting snails and slugs. (You cannot contract this disease by coming in contact with rats or rat feces.)

The slug itself is the vector that releases the parasite into the digestive tract, where it then makes its way into the spinal column and the brain.

Breaking the cycle that supports the parasite requires comprehensive efforts toward control of rats and slugs/

snails. Preventing infection requires safe food handling. Thorough rinsing removes slugs and slime. Cooking or freezing kills the parasite.

While the slugs and rats that transmit this disease are here to stay and require a permanent lifestyle change, the good news is that it is preventable with proper food handling and vector control.

**The semi-slug** (*Parmarion martensi*), which is relatively new in Hawai'i, is the highest-risk vector, due to its higher liklihood of carrying the parasite, the high load of parasites in each slug (even a tiny juvenile slug), and the habits of the slug that bring it into contact with human food sources.

All slugs and snails may carry the disease, however, including the common **Cuban slug**, the giant **African snail**, and the **Apple snail**. Fresh water crabs, frogs, prawns, shrimp and 'opae may also be parasitic hosts.

Visit our website **www.eastmauirlw.com** to learn more. Download the printable **Gastropod Field Guide** and learn to identify and control semi-slugs, cuban slugs, and other mollusks.

### EAST MAUI PLW TASKFORCE

WWW.EASTMAUIRLW.COM







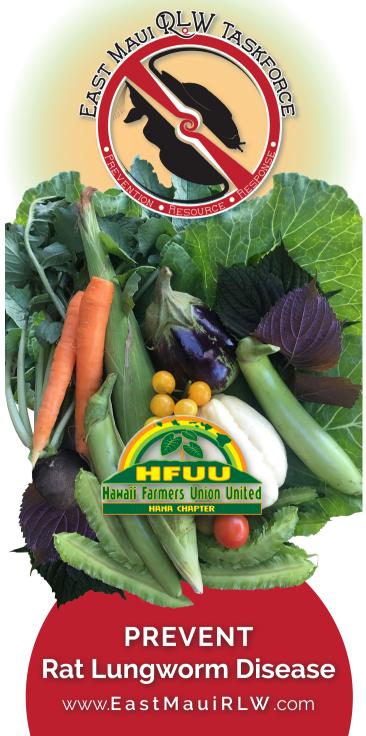
#### **BUY LOCAL**

Support East Maui Farmers

East Maui RLW Taskforce is dedicated to preventing rat lungworm disease through education for residents and visitors, and support for East Maui's farmers and gardeners. As a program of Hawai'i Farmers Union United Hāna Chapter, we actively share education, tools and practices to identify and control the vectors that spread the disease, and safe food handling practices to protect consumers. In addition to taking these precautions in your own household, you can help fortify your community:

- Become a volunteer We need educators and field support.
- Share the mana'o Talk about RLW in your 'ohana, educate the keiki, and share with our visitors how to protect themselves during their vacation on Maui.
- Visit our website www. eastmauirlw.com and stay up-to-date with the most recent studies, prevention practices and news.





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#### **VECTOR CONTROL**

It is vitally important to regularly control rats and slugs even if you do not grow food in your yard. The vectors of the disease travel from one property to another. If you're growing lettuce, leafy greens like kale or cabbage, and produce that is eaten raw, adopt these pre-

cautions and routines to prevent rat lungworm disease.

**Generally slugs are active by night** and hide in cool, damp, dark places by day. The semi-slug is often found inside the leaves of plants like taro, bananas and heliconias just above where the water collects. The cuban slug is usually found on the ground in dark, moist places, under rocks, planter pots or black plastic. Remove likely slug habitat near growing areas, and keep a buffer zone clear around gardens.

Routinely hunt slugs at night or in the early morning, especially during damp weather, using gloves or tongs. This can greatly decrease slug populations around your home and garden. We recommend placing slugs and snails into a 'slug jug' with salt water in a widemouth plastic bottle with secure lid, kept on hand in the garden. This kills the slugs and parasites, and it can be put in the trash when full.

Apply safe, nontoxic slug and snail bait products (iron phosphate) around food-growing areas. Slug traps can be made with beer. Always exercise caution and wear appropriate safety gear when mowing and weed-whacking your property.

We provide kits with supplies and tools, methods and instructions, so that every 'ohana can participate. Kits include: • Rat traps (different types) • Organic slug bait • Salt • Tongs • Gloves • Slug disposal bottle • Survey checklist • Guides and Instructions • Our support & follow up.

#### **PETS ~ LIVESTOCK**

Pets and livestock can also be susceptible to rat lungworm infections. Make sure your pet and livestock food is stored in sealed containers safe from slugs; store food bowls in a safe place, especially at night when slugs are active; and rinse bowls out before feeding. Please stay alert to your pets' areas and activities on your property. Puppies with developing nervous systems, and that chew on everything, are at greater risk.

#### WASHING ~ COOKING ~ FREEZING

Practicing diligent food hygiene and proper cooking methods are the most effective ways to avoid contracting this disease. The infection is caused most commonly by accidentally eating a slug that is hidden in raw produce, especially lettuce or leafy greens. Slugs may be as small as a grain of rice, and very difficult to spot in the folds of a leaf.

The best way to remove the slug is to rinse produce with forcefully running water, and carefully inspect each leaf. (Vinegar, peroxide and salt water dips are **not** any more effective than thoroughly cleaning with running water.)

#### Cooking and freezing also kill the parasite.

- Clean and inspect all fruits and vegetable regardless of where you purchased or gathered
- · Wash with clean running water
- · Cook, boil or steam produce at or above 165 degrees
- Cook well all culinary snails, crabs, frogs, prawns, shrimp and opae, which may also carry the disease
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Do not slice into produce until after it has been thoroughly cleaned
- Curly kale and other leafy greens with lots of folds are safest if cooked or frozen
- · Wash cutting surfaces regularly, clean reusable produce bags
- If in doubt, throw it out
- Wash pet bowls regularly and bring them inside at night to protect from slug infestation.

When buying produce or prepared foods at roadside vendors, practice the same food hygiene. Ask the food server about the origin of their food and precautions in handling.

## WASH ~ RINSE ~ INSPECT EACH LEAF

#### **WATER SAFETY ~ CATCHMENT PROTECTION**

- · Drink only filtered potable water.
- Do not drink unfiltered catchment water.
- · Do not drink from hoses.

College of Tropical Agriculture and Human Resources at University of Hawai'i at Mānoa has published **Guidelines on Rainwater Catchment in Hawaii by Patricia S. Macomber**, Please visit: https://www.ctahr.hawaii.edu/oc/freepubs/pdf/rm-12.pdf

#### SYMPTOMS ~ DIAGNOSIS ~ TREATMENT

Be alert to symptoms. Symptoms include hypersensitive skin, severe headache, paresthesia (a burning or prickling sensation that is usually felt in the hands, arms, legs, or feet, but can also occur in other parts of the body), and pain that moves from one area of the body to another. The vague initial symptoms mimic other diseases, like lepto-

spirosis and typhus; these must be diagnosed and treated with antibiotics quickly. If these or flu-like symptoms appear, see your doctor immediately.

Symptoms are caused when the parasitic worms move into the brain, or when the worms die in the brain and then are attacked by the body's immune system, causing an inflammatory reaction. The severity and duration of the symptoms depends largely on the load of parasites consumed. The disease can be relatively mild and resolve with minimal intervention in a few weeks, or it can be a severely debilitating, chronic illness with neurological symptoms persisting for months or years after initial infection.

#### Diagnosis

Currently, a lumbar puncture (LP, aka spinal tap) is the only confirmed method of diagnosis according to the Department of Health. Lumbar punctures are safe, nearly painless, and can also help relieve the severe headache symptomatic of the disease. If you believe you may have the disease, having an LP done is highly recommended for a firm diagnosis and appropriate treatment plan.

#### Treatment

Steroids like prednisone counter the inflammation from meningitis. Pain medications may be administered. Some patients have found acupuncture helpful. Many patients report that, once past the initial infection stage, physical activity is helpful at relieving symptoms. Good nutrition is important, including vitamin and mineral supplements.

If you believe you may have accidentally consumed a slug or snail, but are not yet experiencing symptoms, your doctor may prescribe anti-parasitic medications to help prevent the infection.

Visit our website www.eastmauirlw.com to learn the most recent treatment protocols and download the printable Preliminary Guidelines for Diagnosis and Treatment.